Mapping the Unseen:
The One Map Policy and Legal Certainty for Indonesia's Adat/Customary Forest

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Good afternoon Distinguish Ladies and Gentlemen, Brother and Sister,

Indonesia is honoured to stand before you today to share our progress and firm commitment to strengthening the role of Indigenous Peoples and Local Communities in our national climate architecture. For Indonesia, climate action and the protection of Indigenous rights are inseparable. We firmly believe that sustainable forest management cannot be achieved without the wisdom, stewardship, and active participation of our communities. Transparency reporting and climate data collection must move beyond top-down frameworks. True climate resilience requires the full integration of Indigenous Knowledge Systems (IKS) through robust, participatory approaches.

We highlight the critical importance of secure land tenure and spatial recognition as the foundation for accurate climate data collection. In my countries, the recognition of Hutan Adat (Customary Forests) demonstrates that communities are the most effective guardians against deforestation.

Indonesia have inclusion approach; with national Adat/Customary Forest Roadmap (Peta Jalan Hutan Adat). Through this strategic framework, Indonesia has set a bold, legally binding commitment to formalize and protect 1.4 million hectares of Customary Forests (Adat Forest) and announce with Minister of Forestry Raja Juli Antonio. This roadmap accelerates the official recognition of Masyarakat Hukum Adat/Adat Law Community (Indigenous People), securing their land rights, preserving their carbon sinks, and boosting local livelihoods. Empirical data shows that forests managed by our Indigenous people reduce deforestation rates by up to 50%. Therefore, securing their territory is a direct and powerful contribution to our global climate targets. Transparency is not a mere bureaucratic math exercise of counting carbon emissions. It is about making every voice count, protecting human rights, and preserving nature. Let us build a global transparency architecture that is inclusive, ethical, and deeply rooted in the wisdom of our local Community and Indigenous peoples.

The Indonesian Government understands that protecting traditional knowledge requires securing the geographical space where that knowledge is born. To date,

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through multi-stakeholder collaboration, we have accelerated the legal recognition of Customary Forests, expanding their reach to protect ancestral domains, community food security, and critical carbon stocks across our archipelagic nation.
However, the real operational challenge of climate transparency lies in mapping. If a community's forest is invisible on an official map, their climate contribution remains uncounted. However, their contributions cannot be accurately measured if their lands remain invisible on official maps.

Indonesia has implemented the **Kebijakan Satu Peta (One Map Policy)**. Through this unified geospatial framework, we are working to integrate participatory community mapping into our official national data. By mapping Customary Forest Hutan Adat within the One Map Policy (Already Become of Its), 174 Polygon or community Maps), we achieve three critical outcomes:

- **Legal Certainty:** We resolve overlapping land-use claims and protect community territories from unauthorized exploitation.
- **Data Transparency:** We bridge the gap between traditional ecological knowledge and national emission reporting under the Enhanced Transparency Framework (ETF).
- **Inclusive Climate Governance:** We ensure that the contributions of Indigenous Peoples to our Enhanced NDC and **FOLU Net Sink** targets are officially recognized, validated, and accounted for.

The Indonesian experience demonstrates that traditional knowledge systems are not alternative sciences; they are essential pillars of global climate empirical data. Local wisdom in managing that forest in real-time, generational insights into climate adaptation that no satellite imagery can capture alone.

The spirit of the LCIPP is about building bridges. In Indonesia, through Customary Forest Hutan Adat and the One Map Policy, we are turning that spirit into coordinates, polygons, and legal decrees. Let us continue to build a world where the maps of our nations match the ancestral boundaries of our earth's guardians. The Question is, How in the Global Network of LCIPP as representative and party? I wonder, whether any of the members or anyone else has seen our material in the form of documents and films that have been seen and paid attention to in Website of LCIPP.

Terima Kasih, Matur Nuwun and Thank You